# TAXBOOK+

## Working steps of solutions

# Rates of Tax

## Build Your Confidence (BYC)

#### B1. Mrs. Super Senior.....

Total income	Rs.
First 5,00,000 @ Nil	0
Next 5,00,000 @ 20%	1,00,000
Next 2,00,000 @ 30%	60,000
Tax on total income	1,60,000
Less: Rebate u/s 87A: Nil since TI > 5 lakh	-
	1,60,000
Add: Surcharge: Nil since TI ≤ 50 lakh	-
	1,60,000
Add: HEC @ 4%	6,400
Tax liability	1,66,400

#### B2. Mr. PK is a non-resident .....

Computation	Rs.
First 2,50,000 @ Nil	Nil
Next 2,50,000 @ 5%	12,500
Next 5,00,000 @ 20%	1,00,000
Next 5,00,000 @ 30%	1,50,000
Tax on total income	2,62,500
Less: Rebate u/s 87A: Nil since TI > 5 lakh	-
	2,62,500
Add: Surcharge: Nil since TI ≤ 50 lakh	-
	2,62,500
Add: HEC @ 4%	10,500
Tax liability	2,73,000

## B3. Mr. Senior, a resident, turns 60 years of age ......

Computation	Rs.
First 3,00,000 @ Nil	Nil
Next 2,00,000 @ 5%	10,000
Next 5,00,000 @ 20%	1,00,000
Next 10,00,000 @ 30%	3,00,000

Tax on total income	4,10,000
Less: Rebate u/s 87A: Nil since TI > 5 lakh	-
	4,10,000
Add: Surcharge: Nil since TI ≤ 50 lakh	-
	4,10,000
Add: HEC @ 4%	16,400
Tax liability	4,26,400

### B4. Mr. Young, aged 42 years, has total income of 60 lakh ......

Total income	Rs.
First 2,50,000 @ Nil	Nil
Next 2,50,000 @ 5%	12,500
Next 5,00,000 @ 20%	1,00,000
Next 50,00,000 @ 30%	15,00,000
Tax on total income	16,12,500
Less: Rebate u/s 87A: Nil since TI > 5 lakh	-
	16,12,500
Add: Surcharge @ 10% as TI > 50 lakh and up to 1 crore	1,61,250
	17,73,750
Add: HEC @ 4%	70,950
Tax liability	18,44,700

### B5. MASTER QUESTION - Mrs. Taxing, turns 60 years of age on 1st April 2022. .....

A person born on 1 April of a particular year is said to have completed a particular age on 31 March on the preceding day of his/her birthday. However, the question does not state that Mrs. Taxing was born on 1 April. Rather, it states that she turns 60 years of age on 1 April 2022. Therefore, she is not a senior citizen for PY 2021-22.

Total income	Rs.	Rs
First 2,50,000 @ Nil		Nil
Next 2,50,000 @ 5%		12,500
Next 5,00,000 @ 20%		1,00,000
Next 1,91,00,000 @ 30%		57,30,000
Tax on total income		58,42,500
Less: Rebate u/s 87A: Nil since TI > 5 lakh		-
		58,42,500
Add: SC @ 25% as TI > 2 crore and up to 5 crore		14,60,625
Tax after SC		73,03,125
Tax and SC cannot exceed " <b>Tax+SC on 2 Cr + (TI – 2 Cr)</b> " = 66,84,375 + (2,01,00,000 - 2,00,00,000)	67,84,375	
Marginal Relief	73,03,125 - 67,84,375	(5,18,750)
Tax after SC and marginal relief		67,84,375

Add: HEC @ 4%	2,71,375
Tax liability	70,55,750

## B5A. CA2021(JAN) - Compute the tax liability of Ms. Payal for AY 2022-23, a female resident aged 40 years where her.....

Total income	Rs.	Rs.
First 2,50,000 @ Nil		Nil
Next 2,50,000 @ 5%		12,500
Next 5,00,000 @ 20%		1,00,000
Next 4,90,50,000 @ 30%		1,47,15,000
Tax on total income		1,48,27,500
Less: Rebate u/s 87A: Nil since TI > 5 lakh		-
		1,48,27,500
Add: SC @ 37% as TI > 5 crore		54,86,175
Tax after SC		2,03,13,675
Tax and SC cannot exceed " <b>Tax+SC on 5 Cr + (TI – 5 Cr)</b> " = 1,85,15,625 + (5,00,50,000 - 5,00,00,000)	1,85,65,625	
Marginal Relief	2,03,13,675 – 1,85,65,625	(17,48,050)
Tax after SC and marginal relief		1,85,65,625
Add: HEC @ 4%		7,42,625
Tax liability		1,93,08,250

## B6. Mr. Taxing, aged 56 years, has furnished the following details of his total income for PY 2021-22. ......

Total income = Rs. 50,50,000

Computation	Rs.	Rs.
First 2,50,000 @ Nil		Nil
Next 2,50,000 @ 5%		12,500
Next 5,00,000 @ 20%		1,00,000
Next 40,50,000 @ 30%		12,15,000
Tax on total income		13,27,500
Less: Rebate u/s 87A: Nil since TI > 5 lakh		-
		58,42,500
Add: Surcharge @ 10% as TI > 50 lakh and up to 1 crore		1,32,750
Tax after SC		14,60,250
Tax and SC cannot exceed " <b>Tax on 50 L + (TI – 5 L)</b> " = 13,12,500 + (50,50,000 - 50,00,000)	13,62,500	
Marginal Relief	14,60,250 - 13,62,500	(97,750)

Tax after SC and marginal relief	13,62,500
Add: HEC @ 4%	54,500
Tax liability	14,17,000

### B7. Mr. Hero, aged 45 years, has total income of Rs. 5,01,00,000 ......

Total income	Rs.	Rs.
First 2,50,000 @ Nil		Nil
Next 2,50,000 @ 5%		12,500
Next 5,00,000 @ 20%		1,00,000
Next 4,91,00,000 @ 30%		1,47,30,000
Tax on total income		1,48,42,500
Less: Rebate u/s 87A: Nil since TI > 5 lakh		-
		1,48,42,500
Add: SC @ 25% as TI > 2 crore and up to 5 crore		54,91,725
Tax after SC		2,03,34,225
Tax and SC cannot exceed "Tax+SC on 5 Cr + (TI – 5 Cr)" = 1,85,15,625 + (5,01,00,000 - 5,00,00,000)	1,86,15,625	
Marginal Relief	2,03,34,225 - 1,86,15,625	(17,18,600)
Tax after SC and marginal relief		1,86,15,625
Add: HEC @ 4%		7,44,625
Tax liability		1,93,60,250

### B8. Mrs. Mature, a resident, was born on 1st April 1962. .....

Age of Mrs. Mature is 60 years as on 31.3.2022 as per Circular 28/2016. Since she is a resident, she is a senior citizen for PY 2021-22.

Total income	Rs.
First 3,00,000 @ Nil	Nil
Next 2,00,000 @ 5%	10,000
Tax on total income	10,000
Less: Rebate u/s 87A = Lower of (a) 10,000 or (b) 12,500	(10,000)
Tax after rebate	Nil
Add: HEC @ 4%	Nil
Tax liability	Nil

### B9. Mr. PK is a non-resident and 35 years of age. .....

First 2,50,000 @ Nil	Nil
Next 50,000 @ 5%	2,500
Tax on total income	2,500
Less: Rebate u/s 87A: Nil since he is a non resident	-
Tax after rebate	2,500
Add: HEC @ 4%	100
Tax liability	2,600

## B10. Mr. Hero, resident aged 30 years, has total income of Rs. 4 lakh ......

Computation	Rs.
First 2,50,000 @ Nil	Nil
Next 1,50,000 @ 5%	7,500
Tax on total income	7,500
Less: Rebate u/s 87A = Lower of Rs. 7,500 or Rs. 12,500	(7,500)
Tax after rebate	Nil
Add: HEC @ 4%	Nil
Tax liability	Nil

### B11. Mr. X, resident aged 36 years, has total income of Rs. 1.51 crore for PY 2021-22 comprising business income of.....

Particulars	Rs.
Tax on long term capital gain u/s 112A (exceeding Rs. 1 lakh) @ 10% of Rs. 15 lakh	1,50,000
Tax on short term capital gain u/s 111A @ 15% of Rs. 10 lakh	1,50,000
Tax on other income of Rs. 1.25 crore	35,62,500
Tax on total income	38,62,500
Less: Rebate u/s 87A: Not available as TI > Rs. 5 lakh	-
	38,62,500
Add: SC @ 15% as TI is > Rs. 1 crore and up to Rs. 2 crore	5,79,375
Tax and SC	44,41,875
Add : HEC @ 4%	1,77,675
Tax liability	46,19,550

## B12. Mr. Q, resident aged 66 years, has total income of Rs. 4 crore for PY 2021-22 comprising business income of.....

Particulars	Rs.
Tax on long term capital gain u/s 112 @ 20%	10,00,000
Tax on short term capital gain u/s 111A @ 15%	3,75,000
Tax on other income	95,60,000
Tax on total income	1,09,35,000
Less: Rebate u/s 87A: Not available as TI > Rs. 5 lakh	-

	1,09,35,000
Add : SC @ 15% on tax u/s 111A and @ 25% of tax on other income since TI > Rs. 2 crore and income, other than that u/s 111A, is > Rs. 2 crore	26,96,250
Tax and SC	1,36,31,250
Add: HEC @ 4%	5,45,250
Tax liability	1,41,76,500

## B13. MASTER QUESTION - Mr. B, resident aged 85 years, has total income of Rs. 60 lakh for PY 2021-22 comprising.....

Particulars	Rs.
Tax on long term capital gain u/s 112 @ 20%	2,00,000
Tax on short term capital gain u/s 111A @ 15%	1,50,000
Tax on winning from lottery u/s 115BB @ 30%	3,00,000
Tax on other income	7,00,000
Tax on total income	13,50,000
Less: Rebate u/s 87A: Not available as TI > Rs. 5 lakh	-
	13,50,000
Add: SC @ 10% as TI > Rs. 50 lakh and up to Rs. 1 crore	1,35,000
Tax and SC	14,85,000
Add : HEC @ 4%	59,400
Tax liability	15,44,400

## B14. MASTER QUESTION - Compute the tax liability of Mr. Jacob in the following cases ......

Particulars	l l	11	III	IV	V
Residential status	Resident	Non resident	Resident	Resident	Resident
Age	36	66	86	45	61
Total income	4,50,000	3,85,000	65,00,000	3,65,00,000	4,70,000
Nature of income	Business income	Salary	Salary	Business income	Lottery prize
Tax on total income (30% in Case V u/s 115BB)	10,000	6,750	17,50,000	1,07,62,500	1,41,000
Less: Rebate u/s 87A for resident individual if TI ≤ 5 lakh	(10,000)	-	-	-	(12,500)
	-	6,750	17,50,000	1,07,62,500	1,28,500
Add: Surcharge if TI > 50 lakh (@ 10% in Case III; @ 25% in Case IV)	-	-	1,75,000	26,90,625	-
	-	6,750	19,25,000	1,34,53,125	1,28,500
Add: HEC @ 4%	-	270	77,000	5,38,125	5,140
Tax liability	-	7,020	20,02,000	1,39,91,250	1,33,640